Bring-Your-Own Input:

Context-Aware Multi-Modal Input for More Accessible Virtual Reality



Full Text

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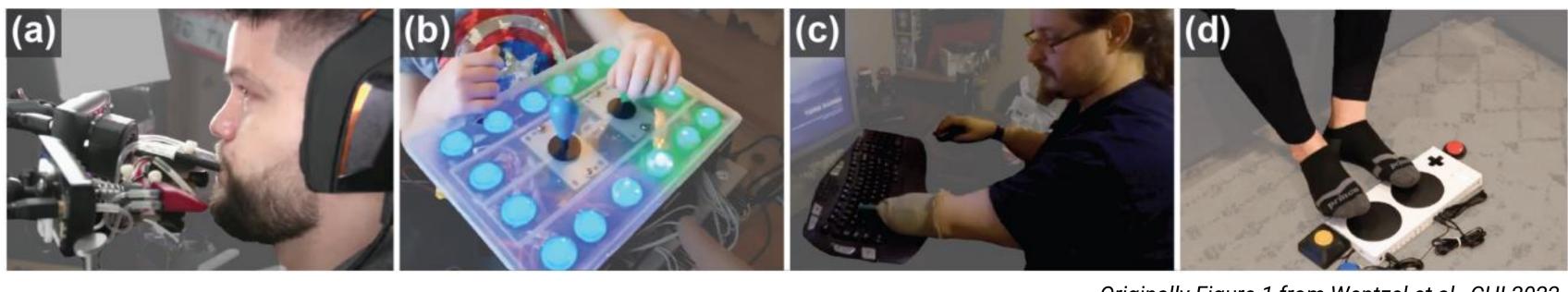
Background and Main Question

VR makes **ability assumptions** that may be uncomfortable or even impossible for **people with limited mobility** to meet.

Other computing formats like desktop and mobile have mechanisms for accepting input from **preferred or adaptive input devices**. Users also often combine input devices, creating **multi-modal** input setups to overcome accessibility barriers (examples below).

VR is a much more gestural language, involving several input degrees-of-freedom. We can use context (body posture, space, display device) as an additional input stream to this end.

How can we combine devices, modulated by context, to enable accessible VR input for people with limited mobility?



Originally Figure 1 from Wentzel et al., CHI 2022

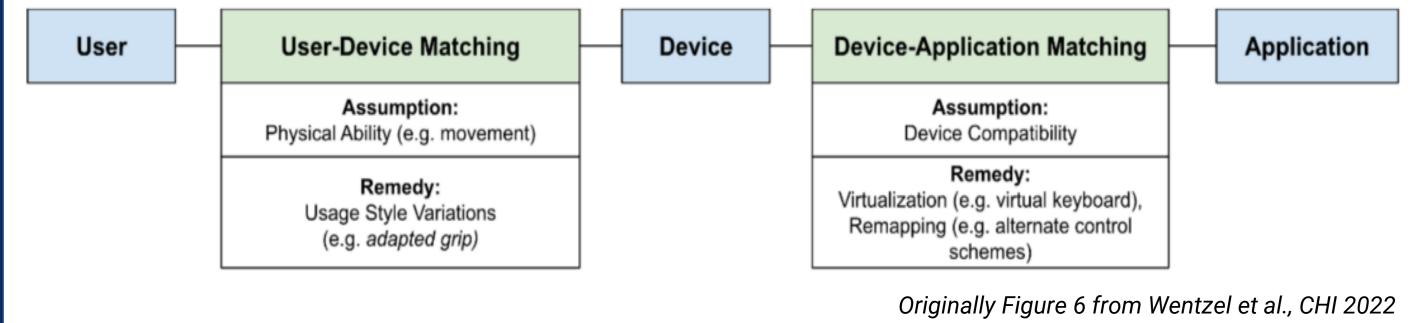
Project 1: Accessible Multi-Modality

People combine devices to overcome accessibility barriers, but input configurations vary widely. Address the "long tail"!

Conducted a **three-part exploration** into how people with mobility limitations combine input devices.

- 1. Survey about input devices used and individual combinations
- 2. Semi-structured interviews about challenges and remedies
- 3. Systematic analysis of YouTube videos to simulate discovery process

Accessibility issues often appear in the **user-device-application matching process** (*below*), and users develop custom input remedies for their individual issues.





Project 2: Device-Agnostic VR Input

How should a system adapt its input processing to accommodate the wide variety of accessible input combinations?

We categorize input using the form:

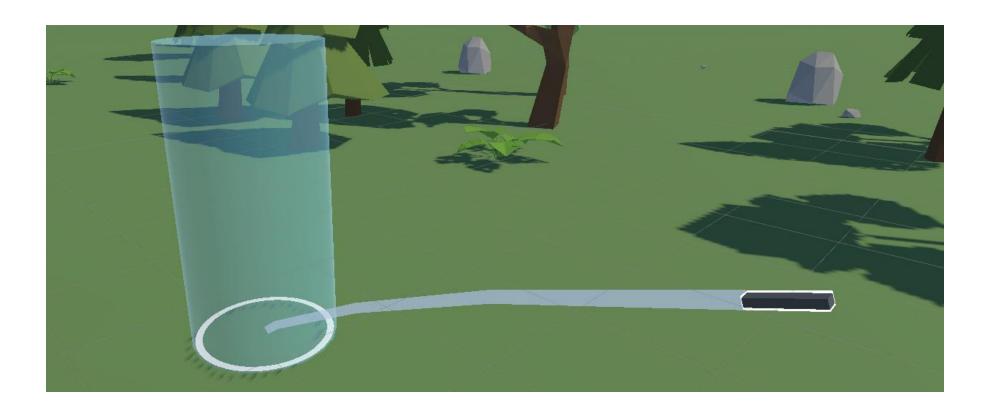


Continuous dimensions (mouse movement, joystick)

Discrete dimensions (mouse buttons, keyboard keys)

Current study plan:

- 1. VR demonstration workshops with people with mobility limitations
- 2. Co-design sessions to elicit input needs for VR, input categorizations
- 3. User study for accessible low-fidelity VR input (2D+1, 1D+1, 0D+1)



Project 3: Context-Aware VR Transitions

How does a change in the user's input scenario affect 3D task fidelity, and how can interfaces accommodate these changes most effectively?

Investigating the effect of **context and context transitions** on task completion in a **cross-reality environment**.

Proposes a design space between all combinations of **body posture** (seated/standing), **space** (stationary/roomscale), and **display** (VR/desktop).

User study focuses on **using context as an additional input stream** when physical controls are insufficient.

